



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Department of Financial Protection and Innovation

GOVERNOR **Gavin Newsom** • COMMISSIONER **Clothilde V. Hewlett**

January 30, 2023

TO: All Residential Mortgage Lenders

RE: 2022 RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT

The state Housing Financial Discrimination Act of 1977, more commonly known as the Holden Act (California Health and Safety Code sections 35814-35816), requires lenders who meet certain criteria to file annually a Residential Mortgage Loan Report. This report must be filed with the Department of Financial Protection and Innovation. Attached are instructions and reporting forms for the 2022 annual report.

Who Must File?

This Report Must Be Filed By Lenders:

- Whose originate 99 home loans or less per year or assets total \$10 million or less and who regularly make real estate purchase and/or home improvement loans and do not report to a state or federal agency.

OR

- Whose originate 99 home loans or less per year or assets total more than \$10 million and who regularly make real estate purchase and/or home improvement loans and fall under the broad reporting requirements of the Federal Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (Reg. C) as a depository or non-depository financial institution, but elect not to report under the federal program.
- Who make 10% or more of qualifying loans and are required to report to the appropriate state or federal agency, or provide an explanation of any exemption claimed accompanied by appropriate points and authorities.

NOTE: Lenders making 10% or more in qualifying loans MUST report pursuant to the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975, more commonly known as Regulation C or HMDA or the reporting requirements of the Holden Act. Additional authority is contained in Title 21, Division 3, Chapter 4, beginning with Section 7100, known as the Regulations Pursuant to the Housing Financial Discrimination Act of 1977.

Where and When to File?

The report is due **March 31, 2023**. Please scan the completed report and email it to:

Holden.Inquiries@dfpi.ca.gov

Information regarding the report may be obtained by calling: 1-866-275-2677.

2022 RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT

COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW IF YOU ARE NOT FILING THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT:

If you make loans for the purpose of purchasing or improving 1 to 4 unit residential real property which total 10% of the loans made during the preceding year and are not filing a report with the Department.

COMPANY NAME: _____

LICENSE NUMBER: _____

BANK FDIC CERT#: _____

NMLS NUMBER: _____

TELEPHONE NUMBER: _____

Check the proper space

I AM EXEMPT FROM FILING THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL PROTECTION AND INNOVATION BECAUSE I AM FILING THE REPORT WITH A FEDERAL AGENCY.

NAME OF AGENCY/ AUTHORITY FOR FILING: _____

I AM NOT FILING THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT BECAUSE I DO NOT MEET THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

EXPLAIN:

The above information is true and correct.

By _____
(Signature)

(Date Signed)

(Name)

(Title)

THIS PAGE MUST BE SUBMITTED IF A REPORT IS NOT FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL PROTECTION AND INNOVATION. SUBMIT THE FORM TO Holden.Inquiries@dfpi.ca.gov.

RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT

Senate Bill 1556 signed into law on September 30, 1987 amended the Housing Financial Discrimination Act of 1977 more commonly known as the Holden Act (Sections 35814 through 35816, California Health and Safety Code) to require DFPI (formerly DBO) licensees who are lenders in certain types of loan transactions to report all activity related to the application of, and loans made to the public for home purchase and/or home improvement purposes. DFPI-licensed lenders, who report under the provisions of the federal Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA), do not have to report to the DFPI.

The State of California Residential Mortgage Loan Report (HDN 1) must be submitted to the DFPI by all DFPI licensed lenders:

- Whose assets total \$10 million or less and who regularly make real estate purchase and/or home improvement loans and do not report to a state or federal agency.

OR

- Whose assets total more than \$10 million and who regularly make real estate purchase and/or home improvement loans and fall under the broad reporting requirements of the federal HMDA(Reg. C) as a depository or non-depository financial institution, but elect not to report under the federal program.

All lenders making 10% or more of qualifying loans are required to report to the appropriate state or federal agency or provide an explanation of any claimed exemption accompanied by citations to appropriate statutes or regulations.

"Regularly" is defined to mean at least twelve or more transactions annually during the immediately preceding calendar year that in aggregate total more than \$500,000 in value. Only licensed lenders making 10% or more of qualifying loans during the calendar year are required to report.

The HDN 1 format requires DFPI-licensed mortgage lenders located in counties which have been classified as Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) by the U.S. Census Bureau to report all loan activity by MSA number and to further break down this activity per census tract within each individual MSA. A separate HDN 1 must be submitted for each MSA where the lender has a place of business, and takes applications and makes loans. As stated, each transaction (application and/or loan) within each MSA must then be itemized by census tract in numerical sequence. For all applications received and loans made in MSA's where the lender does not maintain a place of business, the reported information must be totaled and included in Section 2 of the HDN 1.

For those DFPI-licensed lenders whose place of business is located in a county that has not been assigned a MSA number, applications and/or loans should be reported in aggregate per county of business locations in Section 1 of the HDN 1. All applications and/or loan activity which occurs outside the county or counties of place of business locations, whether the transactions have occurred in a MSA assigned area or not, must be reported as an aggregate total in Section 2.

Counties with assigned MSA numbers and the corresponding MSA numbers are listed below in Figure 1.

The counties in Figure 2 do not have assigned MSA numbers.

Additional Information regarding MSA and Census tract numbers can be found in A Guide to HMDA Reporting: Getting it Right! at www.ffiec.gov/hmda/guide.htm.

Tips on Common Reporting Errors noted in prior reports. Please consider the following when completing your report:

1. **Census Tract** – Please be sure that the census tract number, NOT the county name is listed. Please also check to make sure that the census tract number is a valid one.
2. **Number of Applications/Loans** – Errors occurs when loans are reported and the number of applications is either omitted or is less than the number of loans reported. There must be at least as many applications as there are loans.
3. **Principal Amount** – Show the amount in thousands. A \$100,000 loan would be reported as \$100 and a \$1,100,000 loan would be reported as \$1,100.
4. **MSA** – Please make sure the correct MSA number is listed. Errors occur when valid census tract numbers are listed for a county but the MSA number listed is actually for another county.

If there are questions regarding this information or either form, DFPI-licensed lenders may contact:

Department of Financial Protection and Innovation
1-866-275-2677
www.dfpi.ca.gov/

Figure 1

COUNTY MSA NUMBERS

Alameda	36084	Sacramento	40900
Butte	17020	San Benito	41740
Del Norte	18860	San Bernardino	40140
El Dorado	40900	San Diego	41740
Fresno	23420	San Francisco	41884
Humboldt	21700	San Joaquin	44700
Imperial	20940	San Luis Obispo	42020
Kern	12540	San Mateo	41884
Kings	25260	Santa Barbara	42060
Lake	17340	Santa Clara	41940
Lassen	45000	Santa Cruz	42100
Los Angeles	31084	Shasta	39820
Madera	31460	Solano	46700
Marin	42034	Sonoma	42220
Mendocino	46380	Stanislaus	33700
Merced	32900	Sutter	49700
Monterey	41500	Tehama	39780
Napa	34900	Tulare	47300
Nevada	46020	Tuolumne	43760
Orange	42044	Ventura	37100
Placer	40900	Yolo	40900
Riverside	40140	Yuba	49700

Figure 2

Alpine	Amador
Calaveras	Colusa
Contra Costa	Glenn
Inyo	Mariposa
Modoc	Mono
Plumas	Sierra
Siskiyou	Trinity

RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN REPORT INFORMATION

HDN-1A

WHO MUST FILE

1. This form must be filed by lenders who:
 - a) Regularly make qualifying loans on 1 to 4 unit residential real estate property and such loans total least 10% of all loans made during the preceding calendar year.
 - b) Have total assets of \$10 million or less; and
 - c) Do not report to a federal or state regulatory agency provided by the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975.

WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE

1. The lender must send the loan report to the Department of Financial Protection and Innovation no later than March 31st following the calendar year for which the loan data is compiled. Forms should be sent to the following email address: Holden.Inquiries@dfpi.ca.gov.
2. The lender also must make its loan report available for examination by the public no later than March 31st of each year.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF FORM

Data to be shown

1. The lender must show the data on residential purchase and home improvement loan applications, and loans that were originated during the calendar year covered by the report.
2. Data for each category on the statement must show the number of applications taken, the number of loans made and the total dollar amount of loans made.

3. Dollar amounts are to be rounded to the nearest thousand (\$500 will be rounded up), and shown in terms of thousands.

Data to be Excluded

1. Do not report loans that, although secured by real estate, made for purposes other than the purchase of residential estate or home improvement (for example, a loan secured residential real property for the purpose of financing education, a vacation or business operations.)
2. Also exclude from the report: construction loans and other temporary financing; loans made by the lender acting in a fiduciary capacity (by the lender's trust department, for example); loans on unimproved land; and refinancing of loans originated by the lender that involved no increase in outstanding principal (providing the parties to the loan remain the same).

Geographic Itemization (Grouping of loan data by MSA, census tract or county; and outside MSA)

1. Loan data is to be reported separately for each MSA in which the lender has a home or branch office. A separate page must be used for each MSA (See item #4 below for treatment of loans on property outside such MSAs). The lender must use the MSA boundaries as defined by the U.S. Department of Commerce on January 1 of the calendar year for which the loan data is compiled.
2. Loan data on property within an MSA shall be further itemized in Section 1 by the census tract in which the property is located except that the loan data shall be itemized by the county instead of the census tract when the property to which the loan is related is located in a county that has not been assigned an MSA.
3. To determine census tract numbers and MSA boundaries, the lender should consult the U.S. Census Bureau's census tract outline maps.
4. For loans secured by properties located outside MSAs in which the reporting lender has a home or branch office, the

loan data should be listed as an aggregate sum in Section 2 of the form; no geographic itemization is necessary.

5. If duplicate census tract numbers are encountered in an the lender must indicate the county name in addition census tract.

Type of Loan Itemization (Itemization of each grouping into loan categories)

Column A – FHA, FmHA and VA loans on 1 to 4 unit This category includes loans that are secured by liens and junior liens) and that are made for the purpose of residential real property and that have FHA FmHA and VA insurance or guarantees. It includes refinancing (see Item under *Data to be Excluded*). It may include, at a lender's first lien loans for home improvement purposes if the lender normally classifies first lien loans as purchase loans. It include FHA Title I loans, which are to be entered in column C.

Column B – Other home purchase loans (conventional loans) on 1 to 4 unit dwellings. This category includes loans secured by liens (both first and junior liens) and made for the purpose of purchasing residential real property, other than FHA, FmHA and VA loans. It includes refinancing (see item #2 under *Data to be Excluded*). It may include, at a lender's option, first lien loans for home improvement purposes if the lender normally classifies first lien loans as purchase loans.

Column C – Home improvement loans on 1 to 4 unit dwellings. This category is limited to any loan, including a refinancing, that is to be used for repairing, rehabilitating or remodeling a residential dwelling and that is recorded on the lender's books as a home improvement loan.

Column D – Non-occupant loans on 1 to 4 unit dwellings. This is a category for reporting those home purchase and home improvement loans on 1 to 4 unit dwellings (recorded in columns A, B and C) that were made to a borrower who did not, at the time of the loan application, intend to use the property as a principal dwelling.

